

## Multiple-choice questions

### Section 1: Populations in transition

- 1 In 1999 the world's population reached:
  - A 2 billion
  - B 4 billion
  - C 6 billion
  - D 8 billion
  
- 2 Natural increase is:
  - A the difference between the number of births and the number of deaths
  - B the sum of the number of births and the number of deaths
  - C the difference between the number of immigrants and the number of emigrants
  - D the sum of the number of immigrants and the number of emigrants
  
- 3 The largest population that the resources of a given environment can support is known as the:
  - A population structure
  - B carrying capacity
  - C optimum population
  - D minimum population
  
- 4 Replacement level fertility is usually considered to be a total fertility rate of:
  - A 1.52 children
  - B 2.12 children
  - C 2.52 children
  - D 3.12 children

- 5** In a standard population pyramid the age range of each bar is:
- A 5 years
  - B 10 years
  - C 15 years
  - D 20 years
- 6** The relationship between the economically active population and the non-working population is known as the:
- A employment ratio
  - B economic ratio
  - C dependency ratio
  - D critical ratio
- 7** Elderly dependents are generally considered to be people who are:
- A 50 and over
  - B 55 and over
  - C 60 and over
  - D 65 and over
- 8** The UK is in which stage of demographic transition?
- A stage 2
  - B stage 3
  - C stage 4
  - D stage 5

- 9** Brazil is in which stage of demographic transition?
- A stage 2
  - B stage 3
  - C stage 4
  - D stage 5
- 10** Stage 5 of the model of demographic transition shows:
- A natural decrease
  - B natural increase
  - C population equilibrium
  - D the maximum population
- 11** A rise in the median age of a population is known as:
- A demographic transition
  - B demographic ageing
  - C demographic instability
  - D demographic momentum
- 12** Which of the following countries has the most rapidly ageing population in the history of the world?
- A Japan
  - B Germany
  - C Italy
  - D Spain
- 13** The child mortality rate concerns children who die before their:
- A first birthday
  - B second birthday
  - C fifth birthday
  - D tenth birthday

- 14** The death of a woman during or shortly after pregnancy is referred to as:
- A female mortality
  - B birth mortality
  - C infant mortality
  - D maternal mortality
- 15** The world region with the lowest average life expectancy is:
- A Asia
  - B Africa
  - C South America
  - D Europe
- 16** Pro-natalist policies encourage:
- A large families
  - B small families
  - C family planning
  - D family ties
- 17** What proportion of the land area of China is infertile desert or mountain?
- A 15%
  - B 25%
  - C 35%
  - D 45%
- 18** By 2005 China's birth rate had fallen to:
- A 10.6/1000
  - B 13.6/1000
  - C 16.6/1000
  - D 19.6/1000



- 19** In which year was the 'One Child' policy introduced in China?
- A 1959
  - B 1969
  - C 1979
  - D 1989
- 20** The sex ratio (boys/girls) in China in 2009 was:
- A 89/100
  - B 99/100
  - C 109/100
  - D 119/100
- 21** The population of China is approximately:
- A 1.1 billion
  - B 1.3 billion
  - C 1.5 billion
  - D 1.7 billion
- 22** The United Nations defines migration as a change of residence lasting more than:
- A one month
  - B six months
  - C one year
  - D two years
- 23** The difference between immigration and emigration is termed:
- A migration difference
  - B net migration
  - C gross migration
  - D total migration



- 24** A significant movement of people between a common origin and destination is a:
- A migration flow
  - B migration channel
  - C migration movement
  - D migration stream
- 25** Which type of migration is said to occur when people have little or no choice but to move?
- A mass migration
  - B free migration
  - C nomadic migration
  - D forced migration
- 26** The major barrier to international migration today is:
- A physical danger
  - B cost
  - C immigration controls
  - D time
- 27** In E.S. Lee's model the stage between origin and destination is:
- A intervening obstacles
  - B intermediate obstacles
  - C interminable obstacles
  - D intermittent obstacles
- 28** Money sent back to their families by migrants is called:
- A gifts
  - B returns
  - C remittances
  - D postal orders



- 29** Depopulation is:
- A a reduction in natural increase
  - B a decline in immigration
  - C rural–urban migration
  - D the absolute decline in the population of an area
- 30** How many people around the world currently live outside the country of their birth?
- A 1 in 15
  - B 1 in 25
  - C 1 in 35
  - D 1 in 45
- 31** Forced migrations across international borders create:
- A international migrants
  - B internal displacement
  - C asylum seekers
  - D refugees
- 32** Forced migration within the borders of one country creates:
- A refugees
  - B asylum seekers
  - C internal displacement
  - D international migrants



- 33** The total number of people displaced from their homes around the world in 2009 has been estimated at:
- A 12 million
  - B 22 million
  - C 32 million
  - D 42 million
- 34** The rules for how people should act in a given group or society are called:
- A social norms
  - B societal attitudes
  - C social benchmarks
  - D cultural traits
- 35** The female unemployment rate as a percentage of the male unemployment rate is the:
- A sex unemployment ratio
  - B unemployment gender ratio
  - C female unemployment ratio
  - D underemployment ratio